

JEREMIAH  
ANALYTICAL OUTLINE

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Old Testament--MAJOR PROPHETS--JEREMIAH--626-581 B.C.--Analytical  
Outline

Some of Jeremiah's oracles are undated. To assign them to any specific period of his service is speculation. This outline is an attempt to make such assignments with reasonable accuracy.

PROPHECIES FROM THE TIME OF JOSIAH, 626-609 B.C.

I. GOD CALLS JEREMIAH, Chapter 1

A. Hilkiah, 1:1

B. Priests, 1:1; I Sam. 22:20; I Kgs. 2:26.

Family of Abiathar.

C. Anathoth, 1:1.

D. Josiah, 640-609 B.C., 1:2; II Kgs. 22:1-23:30; II Chron. 34-35.

13th year is 626 B.C.

Best king in Judah.

E. Amon, 642-640 B.C., 1:2; II Kgs. 21:19-26; II Chron. 33:21-25.

Murdered by his servants.

F. Jehoiakim, 609-597 B.C., 1:3; II Kgs. 23:30-24:6; II Chron. 36:5-8;

Daniel 1:1-2,

Eliakim.

Son of Josiah.

Made king by Necho.

G. Zedekiah, 597-586 B.C., 1:3; II Kgs. 24:17-25:7; II Chron. 36:10-21.

Mattaniah.

Son of Josiah.

Last king of Judah.

H. Jeremiah a prophet to the nations, 1:4-10.

1. Chosen before birth, 1:4.
2. Excuses, 1:6
  - a. Do not know what to say, 1:6.
  - b. Only a youth, 1:6.
3. Answers, 1:7-9
  - a. "I send you," 1:7.
  - b. "I am with you," 1:8.
  - c. "My words are in your mouth," 1:9.

I. A two-fold mission, 1:10.

1. Pluck up, break down, destroy, and overthrow, 1:10.
2. Build and plant, 1:10.

J. An Almond rod seen, 1:11-12.

1. Almond = "watcher," Heb., shaged.
2. God is "watching" over His word, Heb., shoged.

K. A boiling pot seen, 1:13-17.

1. Turned over from north to south, 1:13-14.
2. Overflowing the inhabitants of Judah, 1:13-17.

L. One man against the world, 1:17-19.

1. A fortified city, an iron pillar, bronze walls, 1:18.
2. Against the kings, princes, priests, and people, 1:18.
3. They will fight against him, 1:19.
4. God will deliver him, 1:19.

II. JUDAH'S SIN UNNATURAL, Chapter 2.

A. Obedience in wilderness; rebellion in Canaan, 2:1-9.

1. Israel devoted in the wilderness, 2:2-3.
  2. Israel and Judah defiled Canaan, 2:7-8.
    - a. Priests, 2:8.
    - b. Rulers, 2:8.
    - c. Prophets, 2:8.
- B. Changing Gods unheard of, 2:10-12.
1. Cyprus, 2:10.
  2. Kedar, 2:10.
- C. Broken cisterns, 2:13.
1. Two evils committed by Judah, 2:13.
    - a. Forsook God, 2:13.
    - b. Hewed out broken cisterns, 2:13.
- D. Figures for degradation, 2:14-28.
1. Slave, 2:14-19.
    - a. Memphis, 2:16.
    - b. Tahpanhes (Noph), 2:16.
    - c. Egypt, 2:18.
    - d. Assyria, 2:18.
  2. Untamed ox, 2:20.
  3. Wild vine, 2:21.
  4. Filthy person, 2:22.
  5. Restless young camel, 2:23.
  6. Wild ass in season, 2:24.
  7. Harlot, 2:25.
  8. Thief, 2:26.

E. All their leaders corrupt, 2:26-28.

1. Kings
2. Princes
3. Priests
4. Prophets

F. Correction refused, 2:29-31.

G. Bride's ornaments forgotten, 2:32.

H. Adultery and murder are Judah's sins, 2:33-37.

1. Judah could teach harlotry to harlots, 2:33.
2. The innocent poor have been murdered, 2:34. Cf. Ex. 22:2.

I. Judah professes innocence, 2:35-37.

### III. A PLEA FOR REPENTANCE, 3:1-4:4.

A. Judah an unfaithful wife, 3:1-5.

B. Judah more guilty than Israel, 3:6-11.

C. A plea for their return to faithfulness, 3:12-14.

D. A promise of restoration, 3:15-20.

E. Jeremiah confesses for the people, 3:21-25.

F. Judah must:

1. Put away idols, 4:1-2.
2. Break up fallow ground, 4:3
3. Circumcise their hearts, 4:4.

### IV. DESOLATION FROM THE NORTH, 4:5-31.

A. Judah to be warned:

1. By trumpet, 4:5

2. By standards pointing to Zion, 4:6-8
- B. Courage shall fail leaders, 4:9-10.
  1. King
  2. Princes
  3. Priests
  4. Prophets
- C. Destruction will be like a hot wind, 4:11-12.
- D. The enemy: 4:13-18.
  1. Comes like clouds, 4:13.
  2. Chariots like the whirlwind, 4:13.
  3. Horses swifter than eagles, 4:13.
  4. Approaches from the north:
    - a. Dan, 4:15
    - b. Mount Ephraim, 4:15.
    - c. From a distant land, 4:16.
- E. The Lord's anguish over Judah, 4:19-22.
- F. Destruction to be complete, 4:23-31.
- V. TOTAL CORRUPTION POSSESSES JUDAH, 5:1-31.
  - A. God would pardon if one honest man could be found, 5:1-3.
  - B. All classes are corrupt, 5:4-5.
    1. They shall be destroyed, 5:6.
    2. Their iniquity demands punishment, 5:7-11.
    3. False prophets prophesy reassurance, 5:12-14.
  - C. The enemy:
    1. From afar, 5:15.

2. Ancient, 5:15.

3. Of strange language, 5:15.

4. Successful, 5:16-17.

D. Judah will not be totally destroyed forever, 5:18-19.

E. Nature's obedience and Judah's rebellion, 5:20-31.

## VI. PREPARE FOR WAR! Chapter 6.

A. Warn: 6:1-3

1. Jerusalem, 6:1.

2. Tekoa, 6:1.

3. Bethhaccerem, 6:1.

B. Jerusalem will be besieged, 6:4-8.

C. Israel will be gleaned, 6:9.

D. Warnings are unheeded, 6:10-15.

E. Previous warnings were also unheeded, 6:16-20.

F. The enemy: 6:21-23.

1. Use bow and spear, 6:23.

2. Cruel and merciless, 6:23.

3. Roar like the sea, 6:23.

4. Ride horses, 6:23.

G. Helplessness of Judah, 6:24-26.

H. Jeremiah an assayer, 6:25-30.

## VII. SERMON FROM THE TEMPLE GATE, 7:1-10:25.

A. Repentance, not slogans, will save, 7:1-8.

B. Judah has:

1. Oppressed aliens, orphans, and widows, 7:6.
  2. Stolen, 7:9.
  3. Murdered, 7:9.
  4. Committed adultery, 7:9.
  5. Sworn falsely, 7:9.
  6. Burned incense to Baal, 7:9.
  7. Gone after other gods, 7:9.
  8. Made the temple a den of robbers, 7:11.
- C. Judah should learn from the example of Shiloh, 7:12-15.
- D. Jeremiah forbidden to intercede for Judah, 7:16.
- E. All worship the queen of heaven, 7:17-20.
1. Children gather wood, 7:18
  2. Fathers build fires, 7:18.
  3. Mothers make cakes, 7:18.
- F. Obedience, not sacrifice, desired, 7:21-26
- G. Valley of Hinnom will become Valley of Slaughter, 7:27-34.
- Topheth, 7:31-32
- H. Bones of the dead to be scattered, 8:1-3.
- I. Further figures for unnaturalness of sin, 8:4-7.
1. Stork, 8:7.
  2. Turtledove, 8:7.
  3. Swallow, 8:7.
  4. Crane, 8:7.
- J. Is there no hope at all for Judah's repentance? 8:8-22.
- K. Jeremiah's tears of hopelessness, 9:1-11.



L. Forsaking of law is cause of punishment, 9:12-16.

M. Jerusalem's funeral dirge, 9:17-22.

N. Glory in knowing God, 9:18-24.

O. All uncircumcised to be punished: 9:25-26.

1. Egypt, 9:26.

2. Judah, 9:26.

3. Edom, 9:26.

4. Ammon, 9:26.

5. Moab, 9:26.

6. Desert dweller, 9:26.

7. Israel, 9:26 (uncircumcised in heart).

P. The folly of idolatry, 10:1-16.

1. The popular customs are false, 10:1-3

2. Idols:

a. Are man made, 10:3-4.

b. Like scarecrows, 10:5.

c. Cannot speak, 10:5.

d. Cannot walk, 10:5.

e. Cannot do either good or evil, 10:5.

f. Are made of:

(1) Wood, 10:8.

(2) Silver from Tarshish, 10:9.

(3) Gold from Uphaz, 10:9.

(4) Violet and purple clothing, 10:9.

(5) Skill of men, 10:9.

3. All false gods shall perish, 10:11

4. God is totally unlike idols, 10:12-16.

Q. "Get ready to travel," 10:17.

R. God's lament for Judah, 10:19-21.

S. Desolation is coming, 10:22-25.

#### VIII. ANATHOTH PLOTS AGAINST JEREMIAH, Chapter 11.

A. Those who break the covenant are cursed, 11:1-8.

B. Evil is coming upon Judah because of idolatry, 11:9-13.

C. Jeremiah forbidden to pray for Judah, 11:14.

D. Sacrifice cannot avail, 11:15.

E. Judah once a green olive tree; now to be burned, 11:16-17.

F. God made known to Jeremiah a plot against his life, 11:18-21.

#### IX. WHY DO THE WICKED PROSPER? Chapter 12.

A. Jeremiah questions God, 12:1-4.

B. God answers:

1. Judah will be punished because God has abandoned her, 12:5-13.

2. After punishment, God will have compassion, 12:14-16.

3. Any nation which will not listen to God shall be destroyed, 12:17.

#### PROPHECIES FROM THE TIME OF JEHOIACHIM, 609-597 B.C.

#### X. WOES UPON JUDAH'S KINGS, Chapter 22.

A. Delivered in the palace, 22:1-8.

B. No weeping for Josiah, 22:10.

C. Weep for Shallum (Jehoahaz), 22:10-12.

1. Son of Josiah, 22:11.
2. Taken captive, 22:11.
3. Will never return, 22:11-12.

D. Woe upon Jehoiakim, 22:13-19.

1. He is a despot, 22:13-17.
2. He will not be mourned, 22:18.
3. He will receive the burial of an ass, 22:19.
4. Judah is doomed, 22:20-23.
  - a. Lebanon, 22:20.
  - b. Bashan, 22:20.
  - c. Abarim, 22:20.

E. Woe upon Coniah (Jehoiachin), 22:24-30.

1. He will be given to Nebuchadnezzar, 22:25.
2. The queen mother will be a captive also, 22:26.
3. They will never return, 22:27.
4. Jehoiachin shall not head a dynasty, 22:28-30.

XI. SERMON IN THE TEMPLE COURT, Chapter 26.

A. In the beginning of Jehoiakim's reign, 26:1-2.

B. Obedience or destruction, 26:3-6.

C. Priests, prophets, and people threaten Jeremiah with death, 26:7-9.

D. Jeremiah accused before the princes in the New Gate of the temple, 26:10-11.

E. Jeremiah defends himself, 26:12-15.

1. "The Lord sent me," 26:12.

2. His death would be further cause for punishment, 26:15.

F. The verdict:

1. Concurred in by princes and people against priests and prophets, 26:16.
2. He does not deserve death, 26:16.
3. Certain elders recalled that Micah of Moresheth had prophesied similar things without punishment, 26:17-19.
  - a. In Hezekiah's reign, 26:18.
  - b. Hezekiah entreated God, 26:19.
  - c. God did not carry out His threat, 26:19.

G. Uriah, the prophet killed, 26:20-24.

1. Son of Shemaiah, 26:20.
2. From Kiriath-jearim, 26:20.
3. His prophecies similar to those of Jeremiah, 26:20.
4. Jehoiakim attempted his death, 26:21.
5. Uriah fled to Egypt, 26:21.
6. Jehoiachim sent assassins to Egypt, 26:22.
  - a. Elnathan, son of Achbor, 26:22.
  - b. Others unnamed, 26:22.
7. Uriah brought back and killed, 26:23.
8. Ahikam, son of Shaphan, protected Jeremiah, 26:24.

XII. SYMBOLS OF SIN, Chapter 13.

A. A rotten girdle, 13:1-11.

1. Jeremiah to buy linen waistcloth and wear it, 13:1-2

2. Waistcloth hid at the Euphrates, 13:3-5.
  3. Girdle recovered from hiding place, 13:6-7
  4. It was spoiled, 13:7.
  5. Judah shall be like the spoiled waistcloth, 13:8 -11.
- B. Filled wine jars, 13:12-14.
1. Inhabitants of land to be filled with drunkenness, 13:12- 13.
    - a. Kings, 13:13.
    - b. Priests, 13:13.
    - c. Prophets, 13:13.
    - d. People, 13:13.
  2. God will dash them together, 13:14.
- C. Plea for repentance, 13:15-22.
- D. Impossible for Judah to repent, 13:23.
1. As for Ethiopian to change his skin, 13:23.
  2. Or, a leopard change his spots, 13:23.
  3. Because of long established habit, 13:23.
  4. She will be punished, 13:24-27.

### XIII. A GREAT DROUGHT, Chapter 14.

- A. The whole land is parched, 14:1-6
1. Nobles are without water in cisterns, 14:3.
  2. Farmers have no rain for land, 14:4.
  3. Deer desert fawns because there is no grass, 14:5.
  4. Wild asses pant for breath, 14:6.
- B. The people pray for relief, 14:7-10.
- C. Jeremiah forbidden to pray for them, 14:11.

D. God will not claim them though they:

1. Fast, 14:12.
2. Offer:
  - a. Burnt offering, 14:12.
  - b. Cereal offering, 14:12.

E. God will destroy them by:

1. Sword, 14:12.
2. Famine, 14:12.
3. Pestilence, 14:12.

F. Jeremiah tells God the prophets mislead the people, 14:13.

G. God denies that He sent the prophets who preach, "Peace," 14:14-16.

H. Jeremiah commanded to prophesy doom, 14:17-22.

#### XIV. MOSES AND SAMUEL COULD NOT SAVE THEM NOW! Chapter 15.

A. When people ask, "Where shall we go?" they are to be told:

1. To pestilence, 15:2.
2. To sword, 15:2.
3. To famine, 15:2.
4. To captivity, 15:2.

B. God will appoint four kinds of destroyers, 15:3.

1. Sword to slay, 15:3.
2. Dogs to tear, 15:3.
3. Birds of the air to devour, 15:3.
4. Beasts of the earth to devour, 15:3.

C. All because of the sins of Manasseh, 15:4.

- D. Great distress will come, 15:5-9.
- E. Jeremiah regrets his task, 15:10-12.
- F. God threatens captivity for Judah, 15:13.
- G. Jeremiah pleads for reassurance, 15:15-18.
- H. God reassures Jeremiah, 15:19-21.

XV. JEREMIAH'S LONELY LIFE, Chapter 16.

- A. Not to marry, 16:1-4.
- B. Not to attend funerals, 16:5-7.
- C. Not to participate in feasts, 16:8-9.
- D. When questioned about his behaviour, he is to tell people it is because the land will be destroyed, 16:10-21.

XVI. INGRAINED SIN, Chapter 17.

- A. Judah's sin engraved:
  - 1. With iron pen with diamond point, 17:1.
  - 2. On their hearts, 17:1.
  - 3. On their altars, 17:1.
- B. Captivity shall come, 17:2-4.
- C. "Cursed is the man who trusts in man," 17:5-6.
  - 1. Like a shrub in the desert, 17:6.
  - 2. Shall dwell in a salt land, 17:6.
- D. "Blessed is the man who trusts in the Lord," 17:7-8.
  - 1. Like a tree planted by a stream, 17:8.
  - 2. Does not cease to bear fruit, 17:8.

E. The heart is deceitful, 17:9-10.

F. An extortioner is like a partridge who gathers a brood she did not hatch, 17:11.

G. Jeremiah bemoans his persecution, 17:12-18.

XVII. SERMON IN THE BENJAMIN GATE, Chapter 17:19-27.

A. Same sermon to be preached in all the gates of Jerusalem, 17:19.

B. "Keep the sabbath," 17:21-22.

1. This command given to their fathers, 17:22.

2. The fathers disobeyed, 23.

3. If sabbath kept, Judah shall be spared, 17:24-26.

4. If sabbath not kept Jerusalem shall be destroyed, 17:27.

XVIII. THE POTTER AND THE CLAY, Chapter 18.

A. Jeremiah told God's message would come at potter's house, 18:1-2.

B. Potter was working at wheel, 18:3.

1. Vessel spoiled in potter's hand, 18:4.

2. He reworked it into another vessel, 18:4.

C. Israel is clay in God's hand, 18:5-6.

D. God's law concerning nations:

1. If God threatens a kingdom and it repents, He will repent, 18:7-8.

2. If God determines to bless a nation and it does evil, He will not bless it, 18:9-10.

3. This law applies to Judah, 18:11-12.

E. Judah's sin is unnatural, 18:13-17.

1. Snow does not leave Sirion (Hermon), 18:14.



2. Water does not leave the mountain streams, 18:14.

3. But, God's people left Him, 18:15-17.

F. The people plot against Jeremiah, 18:18.

G. Jeremiah prays that Judah may be punished, 18:19-23.

XIX. THE BROKEN BOTTLE, 19:1-20:6.

A. Jeremiah to prepare for a sermon by:

1. Buying an earthen bottle, 19:1.

2. Taking some elders and senior priests with him, 19:1.

3. Going to Potsherd Gate to Valley of Benhinnom.

B. Message to be that destruction is coming because God's people have forsaken Him, 19:3-9.

1. Topheth or Valley of Benhinnom will be Valley of Slaughter, 19:6.

2. People will become cannibals, 19:9.

a. Will eat their own children, 19:9.

b. And neighbors, 19:9.

C. Earthen bottle to be broken before people, 19:10.

D. God will break Jerusalem and Judah as a man breaks a bottle, 19:11-13.

E. Jeremiah repeats threat of destruction in temple court, 19:14-15.

F. Jeremiah punished by Pashur, 20:1-2.

Pashur:

1. A priest, 20:1.

2. Son of Immer, 20:1.

3. Chief temple officer, 20:1.

4. Heard Jeremiah's prophecy, 20:1.

5. Beat Jeremiah, 20:2.
6. Put him in stocks overnight at temple's Benjamin Gate, 20:2.
7. Released him the next day, 20:3.
- G. Jeremiah says God calls Pashur "Terror on every side," 20:3-5.
- H. Pashur will die a captive in Babylon, 20:6.

XX. JEREMIAH BEWAILS HIS TASK, 20:7-18.

- A. Everyone mocks him, 20:7-8.
- B. Still, he cannot restrain himself from preaching, 20:9-10.
- C. He knows God is with him, 20:11-13.
- D. Curses the day he was born, 20:14-18.

PROPHECIES OF JEHOIACHIM'S FOURTH YEAR (605-604 B.C.)

XXI. SEVENTY YEARS CAPTIVITY FORETOLD, Chapter 25.

- A. Fourth year of Jehoiakim is first year of Nebuchadnezzar, 25:1.
- B. Jeremiah has been a prophet for 23 years, 25:2-7.
  1. From 13th year of Josiah, 25:3.
  2. They have not listened, 25:4-7.
- C. God will punish by Nebuchadnezzar, 25:8-10.
  1. King of Babylon, 25:9.
  2. "My servant," 25:9.
- D. Captivity shall be 70 years in duration, 25:11.
- E. Babylon will be punished after the 70 years, 25:12-14.
- F. The wine of God's wrath, 25:15- 38.
  1. Jeremiah made the nations drink, 25:17.

- a. Judah, 25:18.
- b. Egypt, 25:19.
- c. Uz, 25:20.
- d. Philistia, 25:20.
  - (1) Ashkelon
  - (2) Gaza
  - (3) Ekron
  - (4) Remnant of Ashdod
- e. Edom
- f. Moab
- g. Ammon
- h. Tyre
- i. Sidon
- j. Coastland across the sea.
- k. Dedan
- l. Tema
- m. Buz
- n. Arabia
- o. Zimri
- p. Elam
- q. Media
- r. Babylon

2. None shall go unpunished, 25:27-38.

XXII. ORACLES ON FOREIGN NATIONS, Chapters 46-49.

A. Egypt, Chapter 46.

1. Concerning Pharaoh Necho at Carchemish, 46:2.

a. Defeated by Nebuchadnezzar, 46:2.

b. In the 4th year of Jehoiakim, 46:2.

2. Egypt planned conquest, 46:7-9.

Warriors from:

a. Ethiopia

b. Put

c. Lud

3. Egypt's defeat at Carchemish like a sacrifice, 46:10-12.

4. Concerning Nebuchadnezzar in Egypt, 46:13-28.

a. Warn:

(1) Migdol

(2) Memphis

(3) Tahpanhes

b. Egypt's Apis bull defeated, 46:15-16.

c. Pharaoh to be called, "Noisy one who lets the hour go by,"

46:17.

d. Egypt's enemy is like a mountain, 46:18.

(1) Tabor

(2) Carmel

e. "Prepare for exile," 46:19.

f. No hope for escape, 46:20-24.

g. Egypt's gods are being punished, 46:25.

(1) Amon of Thebes

(2) Pharaoh

h. Judah will be returned from captivity, 46:27-28.

B. Philistia, Chapter 47.

1. Prophecy given before Babylon attacked Gaza, 47:1.
2. All Philistia shall fall, 47:2-7.
  - a. Tyre and Sidon cannot help, 47:4.
  - b. Gaza is doomed, 47:5.
  - c. Ashkelon has fallen, 47:5.
  - d. Philistines are remnant of the Anakim, 47:5.

C. Moab, Chapter 48.

1. Nebo is laid waste, 48:1.
2. Kiriathaim is defeated, 48:2.
3. Evil against Judah was planned in Heasbon, 48:2.
4. Moab is named, "Madmen," 48:2.
5. Horonaim, 48:3.
6. Zoar, 48:4.
7. Luhith, 48:5.
8. Chemosh will go into exile, 48:7.
9. Moab "settled on his lees," 48:11.
10. He will be tilted and broken, 48:12.
11. Moab will be ashamed of Chemosh as Israel is of Bethel, 48:13.
12. Dibon, 48:18.
13. Aroer, 48:19.
14. The Arnon, 48:20.
15. Holon, 48:21.
16. Jahazah, 48:21.

17. Mephaath, 48:21.
18. Bethdiblathaim, 48:21.
19. Bethgamul, 48:21.
20. Bethmeon, 48:21.
21. Kerioth, 48:21.
22. Bozrah, 48:21.
23. Kirheres, 48:31.
24. Jazer, 48:32.
25. Sibmah, 48:32.
26. Elealeh, 48:34.
27. Jahaz, 48:34.
28. Eglathshelishiyah, 48:34.
29. Waters of Nimrim, 48:34.
30. House of Sihon, 48:45.
31. Moab will be restored in the latter days, 48:47.

D. Ammon, 49:1-6

1. Ammon taunted Israel because Milcom dwelled in Gad's cities, 49:1.
2. Rabbah will be defeated, 49:2.
3. Ai, 49:3.
4. Milcom shall go into exile, 49:3.
5. Ammon will be restored, 49:6.

E. Edom, 49:7-22.

1. Teman, 49:7.
2. Dedan, 49:8.

3. Esau shall be punished, 49:12.
  4. Bozrah shall be perpetually destroyed, 49:12.
  5. Their cry can be heard at the Red Sea, 49:21.
- F. Damascus, 49:23-27.
1. Hamath, 49:23.
  2. Arpad, 49:23.
  3. Palaces of Benhadad will be destroyed, 49:27.
- G. Kedar and Hazor, 49:28-33.

XXIII JEHOIAKIM BURNS JEREMIAH'S PROPHECIES, Chapter 36,

- A. Lord told Jeremiah to record all his prophecies to date, 36:1-3
- B. Baruch served as scribe, 36:4.
- Son of Neriah.
- C. Jeremiah had been debarred from Temple, 36:5.
- D. Baruch read the scroll in the temple on a fast day, 36:6-8.
1. In 9th month of 5th year.
  2. In chamber of Gemariah, son of Shaphan the secretary, 36:10.
  3. In the upper court, 36:10.
  4. At the entry of the New Gate, 36:10.
- E. Micaiah, son of Gemariah, reported to the princes, 36:11.
1. In the palace, 36:12.
  2. In the secretary's office, 36:12.
  3. Present:
    - a. Elishama, the secretary, 36:12.
    - b. Delaiah, son of Shemaiah, 36:12.
    - c. Elnathan, son of Achbor, 36:12.

d. Gemariah, son of Shaphan, 36:12,

e. Eedekiah, son of Hananiah, 36:12.

f. All the princes, 36:12.

F. Princes sent for Baruch, 36:14.

By Jehudi, son of Nethaniah, son of Shelemiah, son of Cushi.

G. Baruch made to reread scroll, 36:15.

H. Baruch told to hide self and Jeremiah, 36:16-19.

I. Princes reported to king, 36:20.

J. Jehoiakim had Jehudi read the scroll, 36:21.

K. As Jehudi read, Jehoiakim cut scroll into strips and burned the strips, 36:22-23.

L. Elnathan, Delaiah, and Gemariah urged king not to burn the scroll, 36:25.

M. Jehoiakim ordered arrest of Jeremiah and Baruch, 36:26.

By:

1. Jerahmeel, his son.

2. Seraiah, son of Azriel.

3. Shelemiah, son of Abdeel.

N. Lord told Jeremiah to write another scroll, 36:27-32.

1. Record that Jehoiakim's body will not be buried, 36:29-31.

2. The scroll was rewritten and many prophecies added to it,  
36:32.

#### XXIV. ORACLE TO BARUCH, Chapter 45.

A. Given through Jeremiah, 45:1.

B. In Jehoiakim's fourth year, 45:1.



C. Baruch bemoans his task, 45:3.

D. God promises to spare his life, 45:5.

## XXV. THE RECHABITES, Chapter 35.

A. Jeremiah sent to house of Rechabites.

1. In reign of Jehoiakim, 35:1-2.

2. To bring them to the temple, 35:2.

3. To offer them wine, 35:2.

B. The Rechabites: 35:3.

1. Jaazaniah, son of Jeremiah, son of Habaziniyah.

2. His brothers.

3. His sons.

4. All the Rechabites.

C. Jeremiah took them to the chamber of the sons of Hanan, son of Igdaliah, the man of God, 35:4.

D. This was above the chamber of Maaseiah, son of Shallum, keeper of the threshold, 35:4.

E. Pitchers of wine and cups given Rechabites, 35:5.

F. They refused to drink, 35:6.

1. Jonadab, son of Rechab, had commanded them:

a. To drink no wine, 35:6.

b. To not live in houses, 35:7.

c. To not plant seed, 35:7.

d. To have no vineyards, 35:7.

G. They live in Jerusalem for fear of the Chaldeans and Syrians, 35:11.

H. Jeremiah to declare lesson of the Rechabites to Judah, 35:12,

1. The Rechabites were faithful to Jonadab's commands, 35:14.
2. Judah was unfaithful to God's commands, 35:14.
3. The Rechabite family would always include a priest, 35:19.

PROPHECIES DURING REIGN OF ZEDEKIAH, 597-587 B.C.

XXVI. PROPHECY AGAINST ELAM, 49:34-39.

- A. Prophecy came in beginning of Zedekiah's reign, 49:34.
- B. Elamites were great bowmen, 49:35.
- C. They shall be scattered into all nations, 49:36.
- D. Elam to be restored in latter days, 49:39.

XXVII. FINAL WARNINGS, 24, 27, 28, 29, 23.

A. Two baskets of figs, Chapter 24.

1. After Jehoiachin (Jeconiah) taken to Babylon, 24:1.
2. Jeremiah saw two baskets of figs before the temple, 24:1-10.
  - a. One good = exiles, 24:5.
  - b. One bad = remnant in land, 24:8.

B. An ox yoke, Chapter 25.

1. This prophecy to be sent to kings of: 27:3,
  - a. Edom
  - b. Moab
  - c. Ammon
  - d. Tyre
  - e. Sidon

2. Sent by ambassadors in Jerusalem, 27:3
  3. All nations to serve: 27:7.
    - a. Nebuchadnezzar
    - b. His son
    - c. His grandson
  4. Any nation accepting Babylon's yoke will be spared, 27:11.
  5. Same message given Zedekiah, 27:12-13.
  6. Prophets of peace lied, 27:14-16.

They said:

    - a. "You shall not serve the king of Babylon." 27:13.
    - b. "The temple vessels will be returned soon," 27:16.
  7. Nebuchadnezzar will take:
    - a. The pillars, 27:19.
    - b. The sea (laver) 27:19.
    - c. The stands, 27:19.
    - d. Other temple vessels, 27:19.
  8. The vessels will one day be restored, 27:22.
- C. Encounter with false prophets, 28, 29, 23.
1. In fifth month of fourth year of Zedekiah, (594 B.C.), 28:1.
  2. Hananiah, son of Azzur
    - a. Prophet from Gibeon, 28:1.
    - b. Met Jeremiah in temple, 28:1.
    - c. Said Jehoiachin and temple vessels would return within two years, 28:3.

3. Jeremiah says prophet of peace is to be believed when his prophecy is fulfilled, 28:9.
  4. Hananiah broke yoke bars, 28:10.
  5. Jeremiah told to tell Hananiah: 28:12-17.
    - a. Bars of iron would replace the wooden bars he broke, 28:13.
    - b. Hananiah to die in that year, 28:16.
  6. Hananiah died in the seventh month, 28:17.
- D. Jeremiah's letter to the exiles, Chapter 29.
1. Written from Jerusalem, 29:1.
    - a. Sent to:
      - (1) Elders
      - (2) Priests
      - (3) Prophets
      - (4) All the people
    - b. After exile of:
      - (1) Jehciachin
      - (2) Queen Mother
      - (3) Eunuchs
      - (4) Princes
      - (5) Craftsmen
      - (6) Smiths
  2. Sent by:
    - a. Elasah, son of Shaphan, 29:3
    - b. Gernariah, son of Hilkiah, 29:3.

3. Jeremiah's advice: 29:4-9.
  - a. Build houses
  - b. Plant gardens
  - c. Marry
  - d. Have children
  - e. Arrange marriages for children
  - f. Seek welfare of Babylon
  - g. Pray for Babylon
  - h. Do not listen to lies of prophets and diviners
4. They will be restored after seventy years, 29:10-14.
5. Those remaining in Jerusalem will be slaughtered, 29:15-19.
6. False prophets to be slain by Nebuchadnezzar, 29:21.
  - a. Ahab, son of Kolaiah
  - b. Zedekiah, son of Maaseiah
  - c. Because they have:
    - (1) Committed adultery, 29:23.
    - (2) Spoken lies, 29:23.
  - d. Shemaiah of Nehelam, 29:24-32.
    - (1) Sent letters to:
      - (a) People in Jerusalem
      - (b) Zephaniah, son of Maaseiah
      - (c) All the priests
    - (2) Claiming to be high priest instead of Jehoiada, 29:26.
    - (3) His posterity would not survive exile, 29:32.

E. Woe upon Judah's leaders, Chapter 23.

1. The shepherds have scattered the flock, 23:1-4.
2. God will raise up a righteous Branch for king, 23:5.
  - a. In his reign:
    - (1) Judah shall be saved, 23:6.
    - (2) Israel shall dwell securely, 23:6.
  - b. His name: "The Lord our righteousness," 23:6.
3. False prophets will die in shame, 23:9-40.

XXVIII. PROPHECIES AGAINST BABYLON, Chapters 50-51.

A. "Babylon shall be desolate," Chapter 50.

1. "Bel is put to shame," 50:2.
2. "Merodach is dismayed," 50:2.
3. Their enemy shall come from the north, 50:3.
4. When Babylon is defeated Israel and Judah shall be reunited, 50:4.
5. A company of nations will defeat Babylon, 50:9-10.
6. Babylon will become utterly desolate, 50:12-16.
7. Israel will be restored, 50:17-20.
  - a. Carmel
  - b. Bashan
  - c. Hills of Ephraim
  - d. Gilead
8. The Lord urges Babylon's enemies to destroy: 50:21-32.
  - a. Land of Merathaim (Double Rebellion).
  - b. Inhabitants of Pekod (Punishment).

9. Babylon shall be uninhabited forever, 50:39-46.

Except for:

a. Wild beasts, 50:39.

b. Jackals, 50:39.

c. Ostriches, 50:39.

B. Medes Shall Take Babylon, Chapter 51.

1. God will send a destroyer upon Babylon, 51:1.

2. Babylon is guilty because of her treatment of Judah, 51:5.

3. God used Babylon to punish sin, 51:7.

4. Babylon's judgment will come, 51:8-10.

5. The Medes will revenge God upon Babylon, 51:11-26.

6. Nations will war against Babylon, 51:27-33.

a. Ararat, 51:27.

b. Minni, 51:27.

c. Ashkenaz, 51:27.

d. Media, 51:28.

7. Babylon will be a perpetual waste, 51:34-58.

8. Prophecy given in fourth year of Zedekiah, 51:59.

a. Written in a book, 51:60.

b. Read in Babylon, 51:61-62.

c. Sunk in Euphrates, 51:63-64.

#### PROPHECIES ON SEIGE OF JERUSALEM, (586 B.C.)

XXIX. DOOM OF JERUSALEM AND ZEDEKIAH, Chapter 34.

A. Zedekiah to be exiled to Babylon, 34:3.

- B. Lachish and Azekah only fortified cities of Judah remaining, 34:7.
- C. Slaves are freed, 34:8-16.
  - 1. Law required it, 34:14.
  - 2. They took them back, 34:16.
- D. Judah will be desolated, 34:17-22.

XXX. ZEDEKIAH'S INQUIRY, Chapter 21.

- A. Zedekiah sent to Jeremiah: 21:1
  - 1. Pashur, son of Melchiah
  - 2. Zephaniah, son of Maaseiah
  - 3. To inquire whether Jerusalem would fall
- B. God replies:
  - 1. "I will fight against you" 21:5.
  - 2. The way of life and the way of death, 21:8.
    - a. Fight with Babylon - death
    - b. Surrender - life
- C. The palace is doomed, 21:11-14

XXXI. EGYPT CANNOT SAVE, 37:1-10.

- A. Neither king nor people listened to Jeremiah, 37:1-2.
- B. Zedekiah sent to Jeremiah:
  - 1. Jehucal, son of Shelemiah, 37:3.
  - 2. Zephaniah, son of Maaseiah, 37:3.
  - 3. To request prayer for Judah, 37:3.
- C. Army of Pharaoh (Hophrah) had marched, 37:5.
- D. Chaldeans besieging Jerusalem withdrew, 37:5.



E. God told Jeremiah Chaldeans would return, 37:6-10.

XXXII. JEREMIAH IS IMPRISONED, 37:11-21.

A. Jeremiah attempted to go to Benjamin, 37:11-12.

1. Arrested at Benjamin Gate, 37:13.

a. By a sentry, Irijah, son of Shelemiah, son of Hananiah, 37:13.

b. Charged with attempted desertion, 37:13-14.

2. Beaten and imprisoned, 37:15.

a. In house of Jonathan the secretary, 37:16.

b. In a dungeon cell, 37:16.

c. For "many days," 37:16.

B. Zedekiah sent for Jeremiah, 37:17.

1. Questioned him secretly, 37:17.

2. Jeremiah told him he would be a captive, 37:17.

3. Jeremiah asked to be released from prison, 37:18-20.

C. Jeremiah transferred, 37:21.

1. Committed to Court of the Guard, 37:21.

2. Given ration of bread as long as bread lasted, 37:21.

XXXIII. PROPHECIES OF HOPE, Chapters 30-33.

A. Salvation of Israel and Judah, Chapter 30.

1. Jeremiah commanded to record prophecies, 30:1-2.

2. Israel and Judah will be restored, 30:3-11.

3. Punishment must come first, 30:12-17.

4. Jerusalem and the palace shall be rebuilt, 30:18.

5. Shall be ruled by a native, 30:21.

B. The New Covenant, Chapter 31,

1. Israel and Judah to be reunited, 31:1.
2. They shall inhabit:
  - a. Samaria, 31:5.
  - b. Ephraim, 31:6.
  - c. Zion, 31:6.
3. The exiles shall return, 31:8-14.
4. "Rachel weeping in Ramah," 31:15.
5. "The children have eaten sour grapes...", 31:29.
6. A new covenant will be made, 31:31.
  - a. With Israel and Judah, 31:31.
  - b. Not like the old covenant, 31:32.
  - c. New law written on hearts, 31:33.
  - d. God and people reunited, 31:33.
  - e. No longer shall each say, "Know the Lord," 31:34.
  - f. All shall know God, 31:34.
  - g. The people will be forgiven, 31:34.
7. Israel shall exist as surely as the universe is orderly, 31:36.
8. Jerusalem shall be rebuilt from Tower of Hananel to the Corner Gate, 31:38.
9. The rebuilt city shall be enlarged, 31:39.
  - a. Hill Gareb.
  - b. Goah.
10. Desecrated Valley of Hinnom shall be sacred, 31:40.
  - a. Kidron.
  - b. Horse Gate.

C. Purchase of a Field in Anathoth, Chapter 32.

1. In 10th year of Zedekiah (588 B.C.), 32:1.
2. Same as 18th year of Nebuchadnezzar, 32:1.
3. Chaldeans were besieging Jerusalem, 32:1.
4. Jeremiah was prisoner in Court of the Guard, 32:1.
5. God tells Jeremiah he is to buy field.
  - a. Offer made by Hanamel, son of uncle, Shallum, 32:7.
  - b. Right of redemption is Jeremiah's, 32:7.
  - c. Jeremiah bought field for 17 shekels weighed silver, 32:9.
  - d. Deed was sealed and witnessed, 32:10-11.
  - e. Deed was given to Baruch: 32:12.
    - (1) In presence of:
      - (a) Hanamel
      - (b) Witnesses to deed
      - (c) All Jews sitting in Court of the Guard
  - f. Both copies put in earthenware vessel for preservation, 32:14-15.
6. Jeremiah praises God, 32:16-25.
7. God explains His action, 32:26-44.

D. The Promise to David, Chapter 33.

1. Prophecy came while Jeremiah a prisoner in the Court of the Guard, 33:1.
2. Houses and palaces were wrecked to build defenses, 33:4.
3. Chaldeans will take Jerusalem, 33:5.
4. But, Judah will be restored, 33:6-13.
  - a. Flocks will pasture in peace, 33:12.
  - b. Sheep shall pass under hand of the counter, 33:13.

5. "The days are coming, when:
  - a. God's promise to Israel and Judah will be fulfilled, 33:14.
  - b. A righteous Branch shall come from David, 33:15.
  - c. Jerusalem will be called, "The Lord is our Righteousness," 33:16.
  - d. David's house shall always rule, 33:17.
  - e. There shall always be a priest, 33:18.
6. God's covenant with David as sure as day and night, 33:19-26.

XXXIV. JEREMIAH RESCUED FROM DEATH, Chapter 38.

- A. Jeremiah was heard by:
  1. Shephatiah, son of Mattan, 38:1.
  2. Gedaliah, son of Pashur, 38:1.
  3. Jucal, son of Shelemiah, 38:1.
  4. Pashur, son of Malchiah, 38:1.
- B. Jeremiah accused of treason, 38:2-4.
- C. Zedekiah surrendered Jeremiah, 38:5.
- D. The prophet thrown into the cistern of Malchiah, the king's son, 38:6.
- E. Ebed-melech rescues Jeremiah, 38:7-13.
  1. An Ethiopian, 38:7.
  2. A eunuch, 38:7.
  3. Of the palace staff, 38:7.
  4. Went to Zedekiah in Benjamin Gate to plead for Jeremiah's life, 38:7-9.
  5. King sent three men to help rescue the prophet, 38:10.

6. Jeremiah lifted out by ropes padded with old clothes under his armpits, 38:11-13.
- F. Zedekiah summoned Jeremiah to third entrance of temple, 38:14.
  1. Asked question, 38:14.
  2. Jeremiah requests guarantee of safety, 38:15.
  3. Zedekiah secretly swears to protect Jeremiah, 38:16.
  4. Jeremiah advises surrender, 38:17-18.
  5. Zedekiah fears reprisal by deserters if he surrenders, 38:19.
  6. Jeremiah assures Zedekiah he will come to no harm if he surrenders, 38:20.
  7. If he does not surrender;
    - a. Women of palace will turn court from him, 38:21-22.
    - b. He and his family will be captives, 38:23.
  8. Zedekiah cautioned Jeremiah to keep their conversation secret, 38:24-27.
  9. Jeremiah was prisoner in Court of the Guard until the day Jerusalem fell, 38:28.

#### PROPHECIES AT THE FALL OF JERUSALEM

#### XXXV. JERUSALEM FALLS !

- A. Nebuchadnezzar joined the siege in the 9th year of Zedekiah (596 B. C. in the 10th month (Tebeth), 39:1.
- B. The walls breached in the 11th year (597) in the 4th month (Thammuz on the 9th day, 39:2.

C. Babylon's princes sat in the Middle Gate, 39:3.

1. Nergalsharezer.
2. Samgarnebo.
3. Sarsechim, the Rabсарis.
4. Nergalsharezer, the Rabmag.
5. All the other officers.

D. Zedekiah and the guard fled:

1. By night, 39:4.
2. Through the king's garden, 39:4.
3. Through a gate between the two walls, 39:4.
4. Toward the Arabah, 39:4.

E. The fugitives overtaken in plains of Jericho, 39:5.

F. Captives taken to Nebuchadnezzar, 39:5.

1. At Riblah, 39:5.
2. In land of Hamath, 39:5.
3. For sentencing, 39:6.

G. The sentence, 39:6-7.

1. Zedekiah's sons killed.
2. Nobles of Judah killed.
3. Zedekiah blinded and chained.

H. Sentence on Jerusalem, 39:8-10.

1. Palace burned.
2. Temple burned.
3. City walls broken down.
4. Citizens made captives
5. Few poor left.

I. Treatment of Jeremiah, 39:11-14.

1. Nebuzaradan commanded to care for him and give him his choice, 39:11-12.
2. Jeremiah released by:
  - a. Nebuzaradan, captain of the guard, 39:13.
  - b. Nebushazban, the Rabsaris, 39:13.
  - c. Nergalsharezer, the Rabmag, 39:13.
  - d. All the chief officers, 39:13.
3. Placed in custody of Gedaliah, son of Ahikam, son of Shaphan, 39:14.
4. The prophet remained among the people, 39:14.

J. A message for Ebed-melech, 39:15-18.

1. He shall be spared, 39:17.
2. Because he trusted God, 39:18.

PROPHECIES AFTER THE FALL OF JERUSALEM

XXXVI. GEDALIAH REIGNS IN MIZPAH, Chapter 40.

- A. Nebuzaradan took Jeremiah in chains to Ramah, 40:1.
- B. Jeremiah was released, 40:1.
  1. Given choice, 40:2-5.
  2. Given a ration of food and a present, 40:5.
  3. Dwelt in Mizpah, 40:6.
- C. Gedaliah, son of Ahikam, was governor, 40:5-6
- D. Representatives of the people visited Gedaliah, 40:7-8.

1. At Mizpah,
2. Ishmael, son of Nethaniah.
3. Johanan, son of Kareah,
4. Seraiah, son of Tanhumeth.
5. Sons of Ephai the Netophathite.
6. Jezaniah, son of the Maacathite.
7. Their men.

E. Gedaliah reassured them, 40:9-10.

F. Fugitive Jews returned from neighboring lands; 40:11-12.

1. Moab.
2. Ammon.
3. Edom.
4. Other lands.

G. Wine and summer fruits were abundant, 40:12.

H. Johanan and others warned Gedaliah; 40:13-14.

1. Ishmael, son of Nethaniah was an assassin, 40:14.
2. Sent by Baalis, king of the Ammonites, 40:14.
3. Gedaliah disbelieved them, 40:14.
4. Johanan requested permission to kill Ishmael, 40:15.
5. Gedaliah refused permission, 40:16.

#### XXXVII. GEDALIAH ASSASSINATED, Chapter 41.

A. Ishmael came to Mizpah, 41:1.

1. Son of Elishama.
2. Of the royal family.
3. In the seventh month.



4. With ten men.

B. Gedaliah assassinated while eating with Ishmael, 41:2-3.

1. Other Jews killed.

2. Chaldean soldiers at Mizpah killed.

C. Worshippers murdered, 41:4-8.

1. Eighty came from:

a. Shechem.

b. Shiloh.

c. Samaria.

d. With:

(1) Beards unshaved.

(2) Clothes torn.

(3) Bodies gashed.

e. To:

(1) Present cereal offerings.

(2) Burn incense.

2. Ishmael met them weeping and invited them into the city, 41:6.

3. Seventy were killed and thrown into a cistern, 41:7.

4. Ten were spared because they claimed to have caches of:

a. Wheat.

b. Barley.

c. Oil.

d. Honey.

5. The cistern used for a grave was:

a. Large, 41:9.

- b. Built by Asa, king of Judah, 41:9.
- c. As defense against Baasha, king of Israel, 41:9.
- 6. Ishmael captured the others at Mizpah, 41:10.
  - a. Including the king's daughters.
  - b. Intending to go to Ammon.
- 7. Johanan avenges Gedaliah, 41:11-18.
  - a. Overtook Ishmael at Pool of Gibeon, 41:12.
  - b. Captives were recovered, 41:13-14.
  - c. Ishmael and eight men escaped to Ammon, 41:15.
- 8. The Jews went to Geruth Chimham, 41:17-18.
  - a. Near Bethlehem, 41:17.
  - b. Intending to go to Egypt, 41:17-18.

XXXVIII. SHALL WE GO TO EGYPT? Chapter 42.

- A. Jeremiah asked to question God, 42:1-5
- B. People promise to obey God's decision, 42:6
- C. Answer came ten days later, 42:7-17.
  - 1. Stay in the land and be blessed, 42:10-12.
  - 2. None who goes to Egypt will survive, 42:13-22.

XXXIX. OFF TO EGYPT!, Chapter 43.

- A. Jeremiah accused of lying, 43:1-2.
  - 1. By Azariah, son of Hoshaiiah.
  - 2. Johanan, son of Kareah.
  - 3. All the insolent men.

B. Baruch is accused of plotting against them, 43:3.

C. Johanan takes people to Tahpanhes, 43:4-7.

1. Men.
2. Women.
3. Princesses.
4. Jeremiah.
5. Baruch.

D. Jeremiah told to hide large stones, 43:9-13.

1. In the mortar.
2. Of the pavement.
3. In front of Pharaoh's palace at Tahpanhes.
4. In view of the Jews.

E. Jeremiah interprets his action, 43:10-13

1. Nebuchadnezzar will come to Egypt, 43:10.
2. His throne will be set over the hidden stones, 43:10.
3. Nebuchadnezzar will burn Egypt's temples, 43:12.
4. He will break the obelisks of Heliopolis, 43:13.

#### XL. THE LAST FIGHT AGAINST IDOLATRY, Chapter 44.

A. Jeremiah received a message for the Jews at:

1. Migdol, 44:1.
2. Tahpanhes, 44:1.
3. Memphis, 44:1.
4. The land of Pathros, 44:1.

B. Idolatry in Egypt would be punished as in Judah, 44:2-14.

1. They were practicing idolatry in Egypt, 44:3.

2. Only a few fugitives would survive, 44:14.
- C. People vow they will continue to worship the Queen of Heaven,  
44:15-19.
- D. Pharaoh Hophra will be given to Nebuchadnezzar as Zedekiah was,  
44:20-30.

XLI. HISTORICAL APPENDIX, Chapter 52.

Compare Jeremiah 39, 2nd Kings 24-25, and 2nd Chronicles 36.

A. Zedekiah's reign, 52:1-3.

1. Ascended throne at 21 years of age, 52:1.
2. Reigned 11 years, 52:1.
3. Capital was Jerusalem, 52:1.
4. Mother was Hamutal, daughter of Jeremiah of Libnah, 52:1.
5. Was a wicked reign, 52:2.

B. Rebellion of Zedekiah, 52:3-11.

1. Rebelled in 9th year, 10th month, 10th day, 52:4.
2. Food exhausted in Jerusalem in 11th year, 4th month, 9th  
day, 52:6.
3. Zedekiah fled to the Arabah when walls of city breached, 52:7.
4. Fugitives captured in plains of Jericho, 52:8.
5. Zedekiah taken to Riblah in Syria, 52:9.
  - a. Zedekiah's sons killed, 52:10.
  - b. Zedekiah blinded, 52:11.
  - c. Zedekiah died a captive in Babylon, 52:11.

C. Fall of Jerusalem, 52:12-30.

1. Jerusalem fell in 19th year of Nebuchadnezzar (586 B.C.), 52:12.
2. On 10th day of 5th month, 52:12.
3. Nebuzaradan, Captain of Nebuchadnezzar's bodyguard, was commanding officer, 52:12.

D. Devastation of Jerusalem, 52:13-23.

1. Temple burned, 52:13.
2. Palace burned, 52:13.
3. All fine homes burned, 52:13.
4. Walls broken down, 52:14.
5. Captives taken, 52:15.
6. A few vinedressers and plowmen were left, 52:16.

E. Rape of temple, 52:17-23.

1. Bronze pillars taken, 52:17.
2. Bronze laver (sea) broken up, 52:17.
3. Bronze utensils taken, 52:18-19.
  - a. Pots.
  - b. Shovels.
  - c. Snuffers.
  - d. Basins.
  - e. Incense dishes.
4. Gold and silver vessels melted down, 52:19.
  - a. Small bowls.
  - b. Firepans.
  - c. Basins.

- d. Pots
  - e. Lampstands.
  - f. Incense dishes.
  - g. Libation dishes.
5. Weight of bronze beyond calculation, 52:20.
- a. Two pillars.
  - b. One laver (sea).
  - c. Twelve bulls.
  - d. Stands.
6. Pillars described, 52:21-23.
- a. 18 cubits (27 feet) high, 52:21.
  - b. 12 cubits circumference (6 feet diameter), 52:21.
  - c. 4 fingers (4 inches) thick, 52:21.
  - d. Hollow, 52:21.
  - e. Surmounted by bronze capital, 52:22.
    - (1) Five cubits (7 1/2 feet) high.
    - (2) Decorated with network and pomegranates.
    - (3) 96 pomegranates on sides, 52:23.
    - (4) 1 pomegranate at each compass point, 52:23.
- F. Prominent captives taken, 52:24-30.
- 1. Seraiah, chief priest, 52:24.
  - 2. Zephaniah, deputy chief priest, 52:24.
  - 3. The three doormen, 52:24.
  - 4. A general, 52:25.
  - 5. Seven cabinet members, 52:25.

6. Secretary of Defense, 52:25.
  7. All taken to Riblah, 52:26.
  8. All executed, 52:27.
- G. Total captives taken, 52:28-30.
1. Nebuchadnezzar's 7th year (597 B.C.) 3023.
  2. Nebuchadnezzar's 18th year (586 B.C.) 832.
  3. Nebuchadnezzar's 23rd year (581 B.C.) 745.
  4. Total number of prisoners, 4600.
- H. Jehoiachin's parole, 52:31-34.
1. Paroled in 37th year of prison, 12th month, 25th day, (562 B.C.)  
52:31.
  2. Evil-merodach (Amel-marduk) released him.
    - a. In his first year, 52:31.
    - b. Elevated him above other captive kings, 52:32.
  3. Jehoiachin:
    - a. Wore civilian clothing, 52:33.
    - b. Ate at King's table, 52:33.
    - c. Received an allowance until death, 52:34.